CLOSED SHELF

The People's Korea

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PYONGYANG, Dec. 9 (KCNA) —Premier Kim Il Sung answered a number of questions raised in August by Ali Baiout, a correspondent of the Lebanese newspaper "Al Anwar," who visited our country.

According to a report from Beirut, the "Al Anwar" carried the full text of his answers on Nov. 22.

With the full text of the answers, the paper respectfully carried a portrait of Premier Kim Il Sung.

Other Lebanese newspapers "Al Yom" dated Nov. 25 and "An Nida" dated Nov. 26 also carried respectfully his portraits together with the full text of the answers.

Follows the full text of the answers given by Premier Kim Il Sung to the questions raised by the correspondent of the Lebanese newspaper "Al Anwar":

Answers to Questions Raised by Correspondent of Lebanese Newspaper "Al Anwar"

KIM IL SUNG

QUESTION: Your Excellency Mr. Premier, you have achieved great and prodigious successes for the heroic Korean people.

These successes will be immortal and will serve as a beacon for the peoples who are working out their salvation by their own efforts. Also, they will serve as a guide for the peoples who want to build the best society.

Your Excellency Mr. Premier, could you tell the Arab people, through the Lebanese newspaper "Al Anwar," about the new successes to be achieved in the near future in all the political, economic, social and cultural domains under your wise leadership?

ANSWER: To begin with, let me express my thanks to you for highly appreciating the successes achieved by our people so far.

The Korean people set store by all the successes they have made in the struggle for building a new society under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea, and have legitimate confidence and high pride in them. But no matter how great our victory may be, we are by no means self-complacent with them. The successes we have already scored in the revolutionary struggle and constructive work are no more than the foundation for further advancing the revolution and scoring fresh victories. We are still on the way of the revolution. We have more work ahead than what we have already done.

Our people should not only fight for the complete victory of socialism in the northern half of the Republic but also drive the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea, accomplish the national-liberation revolution and unify the country. To this end, socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic should be pushed forward vigorously and the revolutionary force in the northern half of the Republic, which is the base of the Korean revolution, should be built up firmly into an invincible force in all the political, economic, military and cultural domains. This is a very heavy and difficult revolutionary task. Although the revolutionary task facing us is heavy and difficult, the revolutionary zeal and fighting spirit of our people to cope with it is very high and their confidence in victory, too, is firm. Our people have firm confidence not only in the ideals of the distant future but also in the brilliant prospects to be realized in a few years to come.

As hitherto, so in future also, all victories of our people will be attained by thoroughly carrying out the line of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence which is the embodiment of the idea of *Juche* of the Workers' Party of Korea in all fields of state activity.

We will, in future, continue to hold fast to the principle of solving all problems arising in the revolution and construction in our country independently in conformity to the idea of *Juche* of the Workers' Party of Korea. Particularly, we will direct profound attention to arming the entire working people closely with the idea of *Juche* of the Workers' Party of Korea and to further revolutionizing and working-classizing them so as to rally them rock-firm around the Party and the Government. By so doing we will turn the political force of our revolution into an invincible force which no force can ever destroy.

The goal we are going to achieve in the coming few years in socialist economic construction is very huge and inspiring. In future the economy of our country will develop at a very fast tempo by relying on the solid basis of an independent national economy laid by our people through a hard struggle in the past years.

We will continue to push ahead energetically with the technical revolution in all fields of the national economy. In the field of industry, an active struggle will be waged to complete mechanization and realize semi-automation and automation in the coming few years to make the labour of the workers easier and more efficient and expand production on a much bigger scale.

There will be a great leap forward especially in the development of such heavy industry branches as the engineering industry and the metal, chemical and mining industries, and a radical change will take place also in the light industry branches including the textile, food and daily necessaries' industries.

At present our people are making the final charge to capture the heights of the Seven-Year National Economic Plan, a magnificent programme of socialist construction. When the Seven-Year National Economic Plan is fulfilled, our country will turn from an industrial-agricultural state into a powerful socialist industrial state and will come to hold its own in the ranks of the advanced countries of the world.

The socialist rural economy of our country will also develop very rapidly. We are planning to complete irrigation and electrification in the coming few years and carry out mechanization and chemicalization extensively and widely introduce advanced methods of farming by vigorously pushing forward the rural technical revolution in accordance with the line set forth in the "Theses on the Socialist Agrarian Question in Our Country." With the realization of this plan the peasants of our country will be freed to a greater degree from the arduous and difficult labour from which they have suffered over thousands of years, and will become able to do farming in an easy, enjoyable and efficient way with up-date farm machines and diverse chemical fertilizers, weed killers, vegetable growth stimulants and other agricultural chemicals. Not only that, with the rapid growth of the output of various agricultural produce including grain and animal products, our country will become more affluent in food and will be in a position to supply the working people with sufficient non-staple foodstuffs including meat, eggs and vegetables.

Our science and culture will also advance more rapidly as the political and economic might of the country increases. Research work will be carried on actively among the scientists and technicians to solve various scientific and technical problems arising in the building of a more *Juche*-oriented industry and a more developed socialist agriculture, and the State will take measures to enable a far greater number of youths and working people than now to receive higher education, while consolidating the successes of the Nine-Year Compulsory Technical Education which has already been introduced. Along with this, a vigorous struggle will be waged by the entire masses to categorically reject the penetration of the decayed reactionary culture of imperialism and to make our socialist national culture efflorescence more brilliantly.

When these goals are achieved in all domains of politics, economy and culture, the political and economic might of our country will be augmented incomparably and our science and technology, literature and art will be developed onto a new, higher plane, while our people enjoy a more abundant and cultured life.

It is true that the aims we are going to attain are very high and we have many difficulties ahead. We are building socialism under the difficult circumstances in which our territory is divided into the North and the South and the manoeuvrings of U.S. imperialism and its stooges to unleash a new war are becoming more pronounced every day. Under these conditions, the building of the economy and culture in our country cannot but be hindered to a certain degree and meet with various difficulties.

But our people who have been tempered in the trials of the revolutionary struggle and have the wise leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea, will courageously pull through all these difficulties and will certainly carry out all the revolutionary tasks confronting them with credit, firmly grasping the rifle in one hand and the hammer and sickle in the other.

QUESTION: The friendly Korean people who enjoy your inspiring leadership have clearly proved that the U.S. bandits cannot deprive the Korean people of their national sovereignty or dampen their desire to drive out the colonialists and unify their country in the near future.

Your Excellency Mr. Premier, do you think that U.S. imperialism is planning a new aggression against the heroic Korean people?

ANSWER: The aggressive manoeuvrings of the U.S. imperialists in Korea are already widely known to the world. Out of their brigandish ambition to seize the whole of Korea and use it as a springboard for invading Asia and the socialist countries, the U.S. imperialists have turned South Korea into their complete colony and military base of aggression and continued their manoeuvrings of aggression and war provocation almost every day against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for more than 20 years from the first days of their crawling into South Korea till now.

The U.S. imperialists manoeuvres to launch a new war in Korea have become more intensified particularly in the last few years.

The U.S. imperialists already had enormous aggressive military potentialities in South Korea and, of late, are further stepping up their augmentation. They illegally shipped into South Korea large quantities of tactical nuclear weapons and guided missiles and various other types of weapons of mass destruction in gross violation of the armi-stice agreement and, some time ago, again brought a large reinforcement of fighter-bombers to the military bases in South Korea and even newly organized what they call the 71st Task Fleet with scores of war vessels including a nuclear-powered aircraft-carrier and large-size battleships, and deployed it in the waters off the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

U.S. imperialism is largely increasing the numerical strength of the South Korean puppet army and further strengthening its military technical equipment. Particularly, the U.S. imperialists have created the so-called "Homeland Reserve Defence Forces" with the aim of further increasing the local mercenaries in South Korea, and pressganged a huge number of South Korean youths and middle-aged people into it and are hurrying with its full arming.

Various military bases and military installations are also multiplied in a big way in South Korea.

Meanwhile, the U.S. imperialists are more frantically perpetrating military provocations against the territory of the northern half of the Republic. Owing to this there is not a single day when gun-firings do not take place along the Military Demarcation Line.

As was exposed in full through the incident of the U.S. imperialists armed spy ship "Pueblo" in January last year and the incident of the shooting down of the large-size spy plane "EC-121" in April this year, the U.S. imperialists perpetrate their espionage activities more openly against our country.

Today the U.S. imperialists have established "war structure" throughout South Korea, issued emergency mobilization orders to the U.S. troops occupying South Korea and to the South Korean puppet army and entered a "special alert" while reinforcing the armed forces along the front line.

All these facts show clearly how frantically the U.S. imperialists are working to unleash a new war of aggression in Korea.

Owing to the naked aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists, the situation in Korea is extremely tense and a dangerous situation has been created in which war may break out at any moment in our country.

No military threat on the part of the U.S. imperialists, however, can frighten the Korean people. If the U.S. imperialists and their stooges unleash a new war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in the end in defiance of the patient efforts of our people to prevent war and maintain peace and the unanimous condemnation of the peace-loving people of the world, the Korean people will rise as one in a sacred war to safeguard their beloved country and revolutionary gains and will completely annihilate the aggressors.

QUESTION: The imperialist and colonialist press and news agencies try to impair the good relations between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Soviet Union, and China, clamouring that your young country is leaning on one side in the dispute between the two great socialist powers.

What effect do you think the continuance of this dispute can have on the unity of the socialist countries in the struggle against world imperialism?

ANSWER: As you have correctly pointed out, it is nothing but a foolish trick to create antagonism and drive in a wage between our country and other socialist countries that the imperialists and their reptile press are prattling that our country is on the side of this or that country

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in the differences between the socialist countries. There is nothing strange about the fact that such a mean trick is employed by the imperialists and the reactionaries of all hues in the world, who hope the differences between the socialist countries will widen, and are perpetrating all sorts of crafty machinations to weaken and undermine the unity and cohesion of the sociaflst countries.

The Marxist-Leninist Parties are independent and autonomous by nature. As the communists are fighters who struggle for the emancipation of the working class and working people in their own countries and for the freedom and liberation of the peoples throughout the world out of their faith in Marxism-Leninism, they hold fast to their independent conviction and fight on for it unyieldingly in any adversity. If the communists lose independence and autonomy and follow in other's steps, they cannot have principle and consistency in their lines and policies, and this, in the long run, will not only spoil the revolution and constructive work in their own countries, but inflict a great loss on the advancement of the international communist movement and the world revolution.

Our Party that is guided by the idea of *Juche* in its activities is a revolutionary Party that adheres solely to the principles of Marxism-Leninism and determines all its lines and policies independently to suit the actual conditions of our country. Our Party unfolds its struggle against imperialism or opportunism of all hues not implicitly on orders or instructions from anyone but always on the basis of its own faith. Firmly maintaining independence in our activities in this way, we endeavour to unite with friends fighting for the common goal on the principles of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism and learn from their experiences if they are worthy of learning, which conform with Marxist-Leninist principles and suit the actual conditions of our country. The fraternal Parties, too, fully understand this position of our Party and consider it correct.

With no crafty machination can the imperialists and reactionaries impair the independent, principled position of our Party and Government and weaken the unity between our country and other socialist countries.

As for the differences between the socialist countries, they are, in all cases, ideological and theoretical differences existing between class brothers who have the same political and economic basis and fight against imperialism and colonialism for the common goal of building socialism and communism. These differences do not express antagonistic contradictions as those between the imperialist countries or between countries with differing social systems, but are temporary differences which arise from different views on such questions as to how to appraise the present times, how to fight against imperialism and support the liberation struggle of the peoples, due to the different historical and geographical conditions of each socialist country, different national duties and different understanding of Marxism-Leninism.

In the course of the joint struggle against imperialism, the peoples of the socialist countries will eventually overcome their differences and march forward shoulder to shoulder in their battle for the victory of the common cause of building socialism and communism.

QUESTION: Your Excellency Mr. Premier, you are probably well aware that the Arab people are suffering from the continued aggression by Israel, an aggressor country, and its patron, the United States, and that more than two million Arabs have been driven away from their native land.

Could you please tell us your opinion about the Middle East crisis?

ANSWER: The Middle East crisis has resulted from the aggressive manoeuvres of the imperialists headed by the U.S. imperialists whom, putting up the Zionists as a "shock force," are trying to suffocate the anti-imperialist national-liberation struggle mounting among the Arab people and bring these areas under their yoke. And it is entirely because of the brazen aggressive machinations of the Israeli aggressors and their maniputators, the U.S. imperialists, that the crisis has not yet been solved and the situation in the Near and Middle East still remains tense.

The anti-U.S., anti-Israeli struggle waged by the Arab people today is a righteous struggle for safeguarding national independence and dignity, for restoring the usurped Arab territory and accomplishing the Palestinian people's cause of liberation.

The Korean people resolutely condemn the U.S. imperialists and the Zionists for their aggressive manoeuvres in the Near and Middle East, fully support the Arab people in their just struggle and express firm solidarity with them.

QUESTION: Your Excellency Mr. Premier, you triumphantly organized and led the guerrilla warfare against the Japanese invaders and fought for 15 long years, thereby bringing a great victory to the Korean people in the end.

Today the Arab people of Palestine have begun their liberation war in the occupied areas following the path you opened up.

Then, what advice could you give the Arab guerrillas from the experience of your glorious struggle?

ANSWER: It is the most correct way in achieving freedom and liberation that the Palestinian people have turned out in the guerrilla struggle with arms in their hands against the U.S. imperialists and their faithful stooges, the Zionists.

You have asked me to give some advice to the Arab guerrillas, but I would like to tell you briefly about the experience of our struggle rather than giving advice.

As you know, the fine sons and daughters of the Korean people had waged an arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle for 15 long years under the leadership of the communists and defeated the Japanese imperialist aggressors, thereby accomplishing the historic cause of the country's liberation. The anti-Japanese armed struggle of the Korean people was the highest form of national-liberation struggle to resist the counter-revolutionary force of arms with the revolutionary force of arms. In the course of this struggle we underwent lots of trials and gained valuable experiences as well.

Our experience shows that the oppressed people should wage a resolute struggle against the oppressors in order to achieve the country's liberation and national independence, and that the armed struggle is the most active and the most decisive form of that struggle.

History does not yet know an instance that the imperialists made a gift of independence to the colonial peoples or a fact that a people deprived of their country received independence from others without rising and waging a struggle themselves. That is why in order to restore the lost country and achieve genuine freedom and independence for the nation, the oppressed people need to thoroughly discard all illusions about imperialism. Only by an active struggle against imperialism, can the oppressed people advance the revolution and accomplish the cause of liberation.

The imperialists leave no stone unturned to maintain their colonial rule and, with the approach of their doom, they become all the more desperate. The imperialists suppress the liberation struggle of the colonial peoples in a sanguinary way by using all machines of power and violent means at their disposal. That is exactly what the Japanese imperialists did in Korea before. Therefore, the Korean Communists had to rise in arms and fight for the restoration of the fatherland and we won victory after waging a long, arduous armed struggle. Violence should be countered with violence and counter-revolutionary force of arms should be smashed by revolutionary force. The experience of the people's liberation struggle shows that a struggle which begins on a small scale develops gradually into a massive struggle and can emerge victorious in the end. We are firmly convinced that the Palestinian people who have embarked on the road of liberation struggle with arms in their hands will certainly win victory if they have firm confidence in victory and stubbornly carry on the armed struggle to the last in all areas, whether the scale of the struggle is big or small.

To ensure steady growth of the revolutionary forces is one of the basic conditions for winning victory in the revolutionary struggle. In the whole course of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, therefore, we set it as the most important task to build up the revolutionary forces of our own and endeavoured energetically to that end.

Our primary concern was directed, first of all, to strengthening the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army politically, ideologically and militarily in order to consolidate the revolutionary forces. We endeavoured to ensure the organizational and ideological purity and unity of purpose of the anti-Japanese guerrilla ranks and equip all the guerrillas with the firm consciousness of *Juche*, ardent patriotism and the spirit of warm revolutionary comradeship and voluntary discipline also, we improved the military equipment of the guerrilla army with weapons captured from the enemy in the course of incessant battles with him and further expanded and developed the guerrilla ranks.

While strengthening the anti-Japanese guerrilla army, we strove to lay the firm mass basis of the revolution and unite all the masses who loved the country and nation to organize and mobilize them to the revolutionary struggle.

In view of the fact that the armed struggle was being waged in the form of guerrilla warfare, it was a very important question to strengthen the ties between the anti-Japanese guerrillas and the broad sections of the people, induce the people to render support and encouragement in every way to the guerrillas and actively organize and mobilize them to the anti-Japanese struggle.

Under the slogan of "as fish cannot live without water, so the guerrillas cannot live without the people," the anti-Japanese guerrillas strove for closer bonds of kinship with the people at any place and at any time, and worked to rally all the anti-imperialist forces around the armed struggle and combine the armed struggle with diverse forms of mass struggle under the correct strategical and tactical leadership. The founding on May 5, 1936 of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland, the first organization of the united anti-Japanese national front in our country, was an event of epochal significance in the work of consolidating the mass basis of the revolution. With the founding of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland, the united anti-Japanese national front movement developed more organizationally, systematically and rapidly on a nation-wide scale in close combination with the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and it became possible to organize and mobilize all the anti-imperialist forces dynamically to the struggle for the liberation of the country.

The strengthening of the anti-Japanese guerrilla army, consolidation of the mass basis of the revolution, close combination of the anti-Japanese armed struggle with diverse forms of mass struggles— all this constituted an important factor making for our victory in the anti-Japanese national-liberation struggle.

Victory will be hastened if the Palestinian people further strengthen their armed guerrilla force organizationally, ideologically and militarily, lay the solid mass basis of the struggle, rally all the revolutionary and mass organizations firmly so as to cement the unity of the revolutionary forces and, further, vigorously wage the anti-U.S., anti-Israeli struggle on a nation-wide and on an all-Arab scale in firm unity with the entire Arab people.

Availing myself of this opportunity, I sincerely wish the Palestinian people greater victories in their guerrilla struggle for the liberation of the country.

"Long Live Marshal KIM IL SUNG!"

American Servicemen's Union Shouts

With an ardent desire to have closer militant tie with the Korean people led by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, the American Servicemen's Union, headquartered in New York, U.S.A., wrote a special contribution for publication in THE PEOPLE'S KOREA.

The specially prepared article vividly recreates the revolutionary history of Marshal Kim Il Sung from his boyhood, early revolutionary activities, the heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle, the liberation of the fatherland to the present socialist revolution and socialist construction.

The American Servicemen's Union expressed full support for the just struggle of the Korean people for the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressors from South Korea and for an independent peaceful unification of their fatherland.

The article ends with a strong shout: "Long live Marshal Kim Il Sung!" The contribution, signed by Mr. Andrew Stapp, the editor of THE BOND, reads in full:

On 17 August a U.S. helicopter intruded 15 miles into the airspace of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and was shot down by anti-aircraft fire. The American Servicemen's Union feels pity for the helicopter crewmen ordered out on this mission and killed, just as we sympathize with the plight of all U.S. servicemen impressed into the U.S. imperialist army and sent far from home to fight for Wall St. Nevertheless, we heartly applaud the vigilance of the Korean people in destroying this spy craft, only the latest of many provocations directed against the DPRK by the U.S. imperialists.

For two decades the ruling group in the U.S. has never ceased to plot the destruction of the DPRK. On June 25, 1950, Washington ordered its South Korean puppets to attack the DPRK. When these quislings were soundly defeated the U.S. itself intervened with thousands of American GIs. This attack on the Korean people by the Washington regime was brazenly carried out under the cover of the U.N. flag. But the DPRK, led by Marshal Kim Il Sung, beat back and defeated what was touted to be "the greatest military power on earth."

For Marshal Kim Il Sung this was not the first battle he had waged against a foreign imperialist aggressor trying to turn Korea into a colony. Two years before Marshal Kim Il Sung was born near Pyongyang, the Japanese occupied Korea. Marshal Kim Il Sung's father, Mr. Kim Hyung Jik, formed the Korean National Association in 1917 and joined in organizing the national uprising that began in Seoul on March 1, 1919. The uprising was crushed and Marshal Kim Il Sung and his family were forced into exile. In 1927 Marshal Kim Il Sung organized the Communist Youth League. In 1929 he was arrested by the Japanese, tortured and sentenced to a year in jail. And on April 25, 1932 Marshal Kim Il Sung formed the first armed detachment of anti-Japanese partisans, a guerrilla unit comprised of workers and peasants. In June 1937, Marshal Kim Il Sung led a unit over the Manchurian frontier and assaulted the Japanese fortress at Bochonbo, utterly destroying the police headquarters and other important installations. The next year the Japanese retaliated, sending a force of 200,000 crack troops to wipe out the Korean guerrillas. Marshal Kim Il Sung was resolved to lead his troops through the iron ring of encirclement the Japanese had closed around them. Sometimes fighting almost a dozen battles a day, the Korean partisans finally broke out of the trap in early 1939.

In 1945 the Japanese were defeated completely but Korea was again occupied, this time by U.S. imperialists in the southern half of the country. One of the first acts of General Hodges, who commanded the American forces, was to demand that all Koreans continue to obey the edicts of the notorious Japanese Governor General Abe, and that all Japanese officials be released and restored to office if they had been dismissed.

From 1950 to 1953, the United States carried on a war aimed at all of Korea and the rest of the socialist camp, in which the DPRK was devastated by U.S. bombing and civilian casualities reached over 2,000,000. South Korea's first ruler was Syngman Rhee, who had resided in the United States prior to 1945. He was so hated by the Korean people that he was toppled by student uprisings in 1960. He was replaced by leader John M. Chang. Chang was soon ousted by a military junta. Sebsequently, the head of the junta was deposed by Pak Jung Hi, the present military dictator of South Korea. On his recent visit to the U.S. to see his master, Richard Nixon, Pak offered Cheju Island as a cite for a new American nuclear base.

The total number of U.S. military personnel in South Korea is 60,000.

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Report on Plenum of C.C. of WPK

PYONGYANG, Dec. 6 (KCNA)— A report on the Plenum of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea was issued.

Follows the full text of the report on the Plenum:

The Enlarged Plenum of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea which opened on Dec. 1 continued till Dec. 5.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, made an important speech at the Plenum.

Discussing the first item on the agenda— "On Further Strengthening the Work of the League of Socialist Working Youth" — the Plenum pointed out that the League of Socialist Working Youth, under the wise leadership and constant care of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, had been further strengthened and developed as a powerful, militant reserve unit of the Party rearing the reliable successors of our revolution, and the unitary ideological system of the Party had been established firmer than ever before among the socialist working youth leaguers and the youth and children.

The Plenum unanimously stressed that the great victory won in the youth movement of our country was the result of the fact that Comrade Kim Il Sung had established a brilliant tradition of the youth movement and given incessant guidance for the strengthening and development of the Korean youth movement, always showing deep concern for it in the whole course of leading the Korean revolution for over 40 years from the first days after he took the road of the revolution up to date.

Pointing out that Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader had given an allround elucidation of an original theory and lines of the youth movement and clearly indicated the road of the youth movement in each period of the revolution, the Plenum stressed that the great ideas and original theory of Comrade Kim Il Sung on the youth movement constituted the programmatic guide of the League of Socialist Working Youth and a powerful ideological, theoretical and practical weapon in the struggle for the nation-wide victory of our revolution and the building of socialism and communism.

Noting that it is the foremost, basic duty of the League of Socialist Working Youth, the reserve unit of our Party, to thoroughly establish the unitary ideological system of the Party among the youths and revolutionize and working-classize them, the Plenum pointed out that the organizations of the League should conduct more vigorously the work of political and ideological education among the youths, with a firm hold on the internal work of the League.

The Plenum stressed that the youth and children should be prepared more firmly as revolutionary soldiers infinitely faithful to the Leader by strengthening among them the education in the Party policies and the revolutionary traditions and thus bringing home to them the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the sagacity of his leadership and his lofty virtues.

The Plenum stressed that, along with this, the communist education with the class education as its main content, and education in socialist patriotism should be strengthened among the youth and children to rear the rising generation into true revolutionaries and communists of Korea who, with the high revolutionary pride and socialist sense of superiority in studying and working under the most advanced socialist system under the wise leadership of the great Leader, defend with their lives the socialist system and the gains of the revolution and fight it out uncompromizingly against imperialism headed by U.S. imperialism and the class enemies and fight valiantly for the nation-wide victory of the revolution, the national unification and the victory of socialism and communism.

Pointing out that to strengthen the organizational life of the socialist working youth leaguers is a powerful means of tempering the youths and children politically and ideologically and revolutionizing and working-classizing them, the Plenum stressed that the socialist working youth leaguers should be tirelessly educated and the guidance to their organizational life be strengthened, so they may treasure the organizations of the socialist working youth league and sincerely take part in the organizational life and voluntarily observe the organizational discipline.

Noting that the work among the students and school children was of particular importance, because most of the youths and children of our country were enrolled at schools and they proceeded into the public through the schools, the Plenum laid stress on firmly building up the ranks of the workers guiding the work of the socialist working youth league in the schools and the ranks of the young pioneers' instructors and enhancing their role and at the same time strengthening the guidance of the organizations of the Party and the League of Socialist Working Youth in this, thus bringing the work of the young pioneers' corps and the League of Socialist Working Youth in schools to a higher level.

The Plenum emphasized that the organizations of the Party and the League of Socialist Working Youth should powerfully organize and mobilize the youths to the implementation of the Party's economic policy by strengthening the organizational and political work among them, and thus guide them to play successfully the vanguard role of youth by displaying to the full their energy and wisdom in the van of difficult and hard work on all fronts of socialist construction, holding aloft the revolutionary line of the Party on stepping up economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel.

Saying that the key to strengthening and developing the work of the League of Socialist Working Youth lay in enhancing the militant function and independent role of the committees of the League of all levels, so that all the organizations of the League of Socialist Working Youth could conduct brisk activities as a living revolutionary organization, the Plenum emphasized: To this end, the committees of the League of all levels should be firmly built up and the political and theoretical level and working ability of the workers of the League of Socialist Working Youth be enhanced and the core elements of the League of Socialist Working Youth be educated and reared into a large contingent of young communists and the work system of the League be rightly established to suit the characteristics of the youth and children, and the work method steadily improved and, especially, the Chongsan-*ri* spirit and Chongsan-*ri* method be thoroughly carried through.

The Plenum stressed that all the Party organizations should, first of all, firmly build up the ranks of the cadres of the League of Socialist Working Youth bring home to them the experience in the work among the youth accumulated by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and his instructions to the League of Socialist Working Youth and thoroughly establish the system of guidance to the organizations of the League of Socialist Working Youth and indicate concrete direction and ways of work.

At the Plenum, Comrade Choe Jung Guk, Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, made a report "On Further Strengthening the Party Guidance in the Educational Work," the second item on the agenda and many comrades took part in the discussion.

The Plenum pointed out that Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, had always regarded the educational work as part of the revolutionary work and directed deep attention and warm solicitude to this work through the whole period up to this date from the first days of his revolutionary activities, and established the brilliant revolutionary tradition of education of our country already through the period of the early revolutionary activities and the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and put forth a most correct educational line in each stage of the development of revolution after the Liberation.

The Plenum pointed out that thanks to the materialization of the great conception of Comrade Kim Il Sung for the education of the rising generation, today the most superior popular and socialist educational system has been established in our country and our schools are making a great contribution to the revolution and construction in the country as a base of training a large contingent of reliable national cadres of the Party, a powerful weapon of the ideological revolution and base of the cultural revolution.

Unanimously pointing out that Comrade Kim Il Sung, an outstanding Marxist-Leninist, has developed the Marxist-Leninist theory on education on to a new higher stage by giving a perfect answer for the first time to the educational which is of weighty significance in the building of socialism and communism after the establishment of the socialist system, the Plenum emphasized that the revolutionary and communist educational idea and theory of Comrade Kim Il Sung are the only correct guiding compass guaranteeing the success of our education.

The Plenum unanimously laid stress on more firmly establishing the line of the working class in educational work and making a new epochal advance in the development of education in our country by thoroughly carrying through the great educational idea and line of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Noting that it is the basic mission of our schools to thoroughly establish the unitary ideological system of the Party among the school youth and children and revolutionize and working-classize them by thoroughly carrying out the tasks of theideological revolution at schools of all levels, the Plenum stressed that in the whole course of work of upbringing and education ideological education, particularly the education in the Party policies and education in the revolutionary traditions, should be energetically conducted among the school youth and children to train them into revolutionaries and communists infinitely faithful to the Leader and able workers capable of faithfully serving the working class and the entire people.

The Plenum pointed to the necessity of strengthening the organizational life among the students and educating them in a revolutionary way and ideologically training them through various political activities to bring them up into enthusiastic political activists.

Noting that in order to bring up the students into communists the teachers who teach them should, to begin with, become true communists, the Plenum stressed that the unitary ideological system of the Party should be thoroughly established and the organizational life strengthened among the teachers to revolutionize and working-classize them and the role and sense of responsibility of the teachers be further enhanced in the education of students.

The Plenum laid emphasis on training able scientific and technical cadres capable of more firmly building up the independent national economy of the country with the rich natural resources of our country by effectively waging the struggle as ever for thoroughly establishing *Juche* in the educational work.

Pointing out that the rapid progress of socialist construction in our country demands a further enhancement of the scientific and theoretical level of school education, the Plenum underscored the necessity of pushing through continuously and thoroughly the line of the Party on raising the quality of education at the stage of common education and scientific and theoretical level of education at higher educational institutions to meet the demands of the development of science and the technical revolution and linking theory with practise, education with productive labour and of further enhancing the political and practical qualifications of teachers.

The Plenum also pointed to the task of correctly determining the prospect of the development of the existing higher educational institutions and the scope of training, newly founding necessary higher educational institutions by annual stage and further improving and strengthening the work of factory colleges and factory higher technical schools, and the work of correspondence courses of higher educational institutions and higher technical schools, the educational system under which workers study while working to meet the daily growing demands for technicians and specialists.

The Plenum pointed to the necessity of strengthening the Party guidance of the educational work and raising the sense of responsibility of local government organs and the role of social educational organs.

Discussing the third item on the agenda "On the Convocation of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea" the Plenum pointed to the weighty significance of the convocation of the Fifth Congress of our Party in the further consolidation of our Party and the development of our revolution.

The Plenum appealed to all the Party membership to meet the Fifth Congress of the Party by further consolidating rock-firm our revolutionary forces by more firmly establishing the unitary ideological system of the Party in the whole Party and accelerating the revolutionization and workingclassization of the whole society and expediting the economic construction and defence upbuilding by effecting a new revolutionary upsurge.

The Plenum expressed the conviction that the Party organizations of all levels and functionaries and members of the Party and all the working people, rallied close around the Central Committee of the Party headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and people, will thoroughly implement the decisions of this Plenum, upholding the instructions of the Leader and the Party policies and thereby make a giant stride forward in cementing more solidly our revolutionary base.

The Plenum adopted relevant decisions.

Decision of Plenum of C.C. of WPK

On Convocation of 5th Congress of WPK

PYONGYANG, Dec. 5 (KCNA) — A decision of the Plenum of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea on the convocation of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea was made public.

The decision reads:

The entire Party members and working people closely rallied with one thought and will around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and people, are today displaying all their wisdom and creativeness and waging a vigorous struggle in labour for the fulfilment of the tasks set forth by the Fourth Congress of our Party and its Conference held in October 1966, upholding them.

This Plenum decides as follows on the convocation of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea:

1. The Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea shall be convened in October 1970;

2. The agenda of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea shall be:

1) The summing up of the work of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea;

2) The summing up of the work of the Central Auditing Commission of the Workers' Party of Korea;

3) On the Five-Year(1971-1975) Plan for the Development of the National Economy of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea;

4) The election of the Central Leading Organs of the Workers' Party of Korea.

3. The proportion of election of representative to be sent to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea is one representative for each 1,500 Party members and one representative with a voice for each 1,500 candidate members.

December 5, 1969

(Continued from page 2)

In addition, there is a puppet army of 600,000 South Korean troops, which is maintained by the U.S. U.S. imperialism has supplied South Korea's ruling clique with more than $8,400,000,000 worth of weapons in less than 20 years. The operational control of the whole gigantic military establishment in South Korea is in the hands of a U.S. commander. In spite of the fact that one-third of the South Korean government budget is spent for military purposes, a Korean private in the puppet army is paid $1.10 a month, and the poverty of the troops keeps their morale low. For American troops of duty, there is an infamous "resort complex" outside Seoul, named Walker Hill for General Walker, built with U.S. tax money, where prostitution flourishes.

The predominant economic factor in South Korea for many years has been U.S. aid, which supplies one-third to one-half of the South Korean government budget. The South Korean government owns many Korean companies; it would prefer to sell them to private interests, but Korean businessmen have not been in an economic position to buy them. Wages are among the lowest in Asia. The average annual income is $110. The rate of unemployment is 13.8 per cent. A few U.S. companies in South Korea are Gulf Oil, Fairchild Camera, and Swift and Co.

Since the gigantic military establishment has prevented the growth of an NLF-type movement in South Korea, the main opposition to the Korean dictatorship and U.S. occupation has come from large student uprisings in Seoul and other cities. Tens of thousands of students demonstrated in August and September 1965 against the "ROK-Japan Treaty." More student demonstrations can be expected in the near future as puppet "President" Pak attempts to stay in power for an unconstitutional third term.

The DPRK itself, which is completely free of foreign troops, must also be counted as part of the resistance, since the DPRK Government has always maintained that Korea is one country and that the U.S. must withdraw from the South.

In 1946, in the northern part of the nation, the North Korean Provisional People's Committee was elected with Marshal Kim Il Sung as its president. By 1966 industrial output in the DPRK was 41 times higher than in 1946. The picture in agriculture is equally impressive. By the close of 1965 electric power had been brought to 96 per cent of all cooperative farms and 81 per cent of all homes. Needless to say this was all accomplished under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Although Marshal Kim Il Sung has spent much of his life in armed struggle against foreign imperialists, he knows that naked armed force is not the only method that the enemies of socialism use to subvert and try to overthrow it. In his tribute to Che Guevera on the first anniversary of his death in Bolivia, Marshal Kim Il Sung wrote:

"Simultaneously with this, the U.S. imperialists resort to a new form of cold war to encourage 'liberalization' and 'democratic development' in certain countries, while running wild to bribe and make a cat's-paw of the cowards within the ranks of the working-class movement who are afraid of revolution.

They clamour for the 'most favoured nation' treatment and the expansion of the 'East-West contact and interchange' and, with this as a means, seek to infiltrate their reactionary ideology and culture to degrade the peoples ideologically, hamper economic development and thus undermine those countries from within. The imperialists are carrying out sabotage and subversive intrigues to tear the newly-independent states away from the anti-imperialist front one by one. While resorting to force overtly, they penetrate into the newly-independent countries with 'aid' as a bait and meddle in their internal affairs. The U.S. imperialists whip together with the Right-wing reactionaries and pit them against the progressive forces, and seek to sway certain newly-independent countries to the road of counter-revolution.

Namely, wielding an olive branch in one hand and arrows in the other, the U.S. imperialists manoeuvre to swallow up the revolutionary countries one by one through armed aggression and subvert the ideologically weak countries through ideological and cultural aggression, combining nuclear blackmail with 'peaceful penetration' and repression with appeasement and deception."

The American Servicemen's Union demands that all U.S. troops be withdrawn from Korea and Vietnam and that U.S. soldiers not be used by U.S. big business to prop up the South Korean puppet regime against the justified wrath of the Korean masses. Marshal Kim Il Sung has shown, however, that it is extremely unlikely that the U.S. will get out of Korea without a struggle. On the question of national liberation through armed struggle Marshal Kim Il Sung correctly wrote:

"Human history not yet knows an instance of any ruling class submissively turning over its supremacy, or an instance of any reactionary class meekly waiving its power without resorting to counter-revolutionary violence. In particular, the imperialists cling ever more desperately to violent means to maintain their rule as they approach nearer to their doom. The imperialists, while suppressing the peoples of their own countries, check all the revolutionary advance of the oppressed nations in a sanguinary way with their military forces for aggression and plunder against other countries.

In these conditions, the liberation struggle of the oppressed peoples cannot emerge victorious without using revolutionary violence to crush foreign imperialists and overthrow the reactionary dictatorial machinery of the exploiting classes at home that work hand in glove with them. It is imperative to meet violence with violence and crush counter-revolutionary armed forces with revolutionary armed forces."

It is the duty of all revolutionaries to support the Korean people in the fight for the withdrawal of foreign troops and for the reunification of the Korean nation. Long live the Korean people! Long live Marshal Kim Il Sung!

Andy Stapp

DPRK Red Cross Society Issues Statement:

Japanese Gov't, Take Immediate Measures For Continued Repatriation of Koreans Here

PYONGYANG, Dec. 8 (KCNA)—The Central Committee of the Red Cross Society of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a statement on Dec. 8 denouncing the malicious illegal moves of the reactionary authorities of Japan to wreck the repatriation service for the Korean citizens in Japan at the instigation of the U.S. imperialists and demanding the Japanese authorities take immediate measures for the continued repatriation.

The statement said:

It is nearly two years since the Japanese authorities, at the instigation of the U.S. imperialists, illegally suspended the repatriation service for the Korean citizens in Japan, a lofty humanitarian work, in pursuance of a sinister political aim.

Pointing out that after it concluded the aggressive "ROK-Japan Treaty" under the wirepulling of U.S. imperialism, the Japanese Government together with the South Korean puppet clique issued even a joint statement that they would not carry on the repatriation service for the Korean compatriots in Japan any longer, in order to strengthen the political conspiracy with the South Korean puppet clique.

The statement denounced this as an unpardonable violation of the repatriation agreement which stipulated that the repatriation work should be continued as long as there are intending repatriates and a malicious, perfidious act against international faith.

The Central Committee of the Red Cross Society of the DPRK and the entire Korean people, the statement stressed, bitterly denounce the vicious, illegal move of the Japanese authorities to wreck the repatriation service for the Korean citizens in Japan and strongly demand the Japanese authorities put an immediate end to their unjust subversive manoeuvres and continuously fufil the obligations they assumed for the repatriation work.

Recalling the new important turning-point proposal put forth at the Korea-Japan Red Cross talks held in Colombo in Nov. 1967, the statement noted:

This turning-point proposal of our side which was one more manifestation of the warm paternal solicitude of Comrade Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, for overseas compatriots was a most reasonable and fair proposal acceptable to anyone and enjoyed the unanimous support and welcome of the peoples of Korea and Japan and the public opinion of the whole world.

Up to this day this question remains unsolved, running counter to the aspiration of the world people who prize justice and humanitarianism because the Japanese side has not shown since then any sincere attitude towards the consistent efforts for the continuation of the repatriation operation of the Korean citizens in Japan, the statement emphasized:

The question unsolved in the repatriation operation of the Korean citizens in Japan at present is that the Japanese authorities are trying not to bear any responsibility for the repatriation operation in the future by separating by all means the solution of the question of the repatriation of those who have already applied for repatriation from that of the question of the repatriation of intending repatriates who will newly apply for repatriation.

The statement went on:

The repatriation operation must be continued as long as there are intending repatriates.

The Central Committee of the Red Cross Society of the DPRK strongly holds that the Japanese authorities must take immediate measures for the continuation of the repatriation operation of the Korean citizens in Japan.

The Korean people can never be indifferent to the manoeuvres of the Japanese authorities to wreck the repatriation operation, an important humanitarian issue, on which depends the life and death of the compatriots in Japan, proceeding from a political aim.

We will fight to the end to enable the Korean citizens in Japan to live in happiness in the bosom of the longed-for socialist fatherland as they wish.

It is an inalienable legitimate national right of the Korean citizens in Japan to return to their homeland.

Today the Korean citizens in Japan cherish the boundless national self-confidence and pride as the legitimate overseas citizens of the DPRK, their glorious fatherland which is daily prospering and developing under the wise leadership of Comrade Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and are expressing their desire to return home, seeing their happy future in the prosperity of the fatherland.

Both from the historical point of view and in the light of international law, international practice and humanitarian principles, the Japanese authorities are under unavoidable obligation to ensure to the last the repatriation operation of the Korean citizens in Japan.

If Japanese authorities try to wreck the repatriation operation of the Korean citizens in Japan to the last, defying the strong demand of the Korean and Japanese peoples and the peoples of the whole world, they must be aware that they will be unable to escape the judgement of history and people as the heinous enemy of peace and humanitarianism and they will be held entirely responsible for all the consequences arising from their sabotage of the repatriation operation.

The Central Committee of the Red Cross Society of the DPRK is convinced that many democratic political parties and public organizations and people of all walks of life in Japan and broad segments of the people of the whole world will extend still more active support and encouragement to our just struggle for realizing as early as possible the repatriation operation of the Korean citizens in Japan, a lofty humanitarian work, the statement concluded.

CHONGRYUN Fully Supports Statement Of DPRK Red Cross Society

The Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) issued on Dec. 10 a statement supporting the statement which the Central Committee of the Red Cross Society of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued on Dec. 8, demanding the Japanese authorities, who illegally suspended the repatriation service for the Korean citizens in Japan, lofty humanitarian work, in pursuance of a sinister political aim at the instigation of the U.S. imperialists, ensure the continuation of the repatriation work.

The statement said:

The C.C. of the Red Cross Society of the DPRK issued on Dec. 8 a statement bitterly denouncing the illegal moves of the Japanese authorities to wreck the repatriation service for the Korean citizens here and demanding the Japanese authorities take immediate measures for continued repatriation.

Pointig out that the C.S.C. of CHONGRYUN fully supports the statement of the C.C. of the Red Cross Society of the DPRK in the name of 600,000 Korean residents here, the statement stressed:

In veiw of international law, international practice and humanitarian principles and of the historical background to the mass settlement of Koreans here, the Japanese authorities are under legal and moral obligation to guarantee to the end the repatriation operation on their own responsibility.

We strongly demand the Japanese authorities should accept the reasonable proposal of the Red Cross Society of the DPRK, settle without delay various questions including the question of simplifying the formalities of entry into Japan of the delegation of the Red Cross Society of the DPRK, and immediately resume the repatriation service.

Today, greeting the 10th anniversary of realization of the repatriation service, broad segments of the Japanese people are raising their voices demanding the resumption of the repatriation service for the Koreans in Japan.

If the Japanese authorities trample upon justice and humanitarianism and continuously commit the machinations to destroy the repatriation operation, they will be unable to escape the denunciation of broad strata public opinion at home and abroad, the statement said.

Central Meet of Koreans Here to Defend Right to Repatriation Held

A central meeting of Koreans in Japan to defend the right to repatriation on the 10th anniversary of the realization of repatriation was held on Dec. 13 at the Kudan Hall in Tokyo with the attendance of over 1,500 CHONGRYUN workers, applicants for repatriation and the other Koreans in Tokyo, Kanagawa Prefecture and Kanto areas.

On the wall behind the platform of the meeting was respectfully hung a portrait of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

At the meeting the telegrams of greetings which were sent from the C.C. of the Korean Red Cross Society, the C.C. of the Democratic Front for the Unification of the Fatherland, the C.C. of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea, the Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea, the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea, and the Korean Democratic Women's Union were read out.

Chairman Li Kye Baik of the Measure Committee for Repatriation under CHONGRYUN made a report at the meeting.

The reporter stressed that Korean citizens in Japan will wage their vigorous struggle to defend to the end the sea route of repatriation to the DPRK, the glorious fatherland, the road of happiness, glory and hope opened by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people. And he said the entire Korean citizens here fully supported the statement of the Central Committee of the Korean Red Cross Society.

The meeting unanimously adopted a letter addressed to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

Struggle of S. Korean Workers For Existence, Democracy

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, taught:

"Where there are exploitation and oppression, there always breaks out the revolutionary struggle of the people."

The struggle of the South Korean workers for the rigtht to existence and democracy is gaining further momentum as the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges, traitorous Pak Jung Hi hordes, intensify their exploitation and oppression of workers in pursuance of their frantic war policy.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, trying hard to unleash a new war of aggression in Korea, are now working round the clock to wrest this year more than 258,500 million *won* of taxes, double the 1965 figure, to cover the ever increasing military spendings.

For this, the beasts milked the South Korean workers still harder this year by cooking up a reactionary "wage system based on productivity" despite the fact that the real wages of workers dropped last year to 60 per cent as against 1960.

According to a report, more than 130 crewmen of passanger boats in Ryosu, South Cholla Province, waged a vigorous struggle against the ever harsher exploitation by the villainous enterprisers and for a wage hike.

The crewmen indignantly denounced the villainous enterprisers harsh exploitation and strongly demanded an 80 to 120 per cent increase of the present wages according to working conditions.

The crewmen who rose up as one in the struggle, deeply aware that they can improve their conditions only through a struggle, fought stubbornly with the firm determination to push through their demand at any cost decisively foiling any placatory trick or suppressive move of the beasts.

Earlier, crewmen of passenger boats in Pusan and Mokpo also waged a stubborn struggle, strengthening solidarity between them, to push through a similar demand.

According to another report, more than 80 workers of an oil refinery in Ryosu, South Cholla Province, called a strike putting up a five-point demand including wage hike.

The workers denounced the criminal act of the villainous employer who refused to increase the workers' wages even by a single penny despite price spiralling and pressed him hard to accept their demand.

The South Korean workers are today stubbornly fighting, further strengthening their unity, with the firm determination to push through all their demands.

S. Korean Airmen Come Over To North with Plane

PYONGYANG, Dec. 12 (KCNA)—Airmen Yu Byong Ha and Choe Sok Man who were working in a South Korean aviation company came over to the northern half of the DPRK on Dec. 12 with a "YS-11" plane, opposing the aggression and anti-popular reactionary rule of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Organs concerned are now investigating into facts concerning this.

S. Korean Armyman Comes Over to North

A soldier of the South Korean puppet army came over recently to the northern half of the DPRK, which he had been longing for awake or asleep, breaking away from the disgraceful service in the puppet army in opposition to the frenzied manoeuvrings of the U.S. imperialists, the sworn enemy of Korean people, and their stooges, traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique, for aggression and the provocation of a new war.

He is Ho Jong Hyon (24), who was deputy head of the weapons squad, second platoon, 7th company, second battalion, 60th regiment, 20th division, of the South Korean puppet army. He is spending worthy days, accorded a kindred hospitality by the compatriots in the northern half of the DPRK who are leading a boundlessly happy life in the benevolent bosom of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

Japanese Gov't, Resume at Once Repatriation Work for Koreans Here

Recently a large number of applicants for repatriation and intending repatriates in Saitama, Gumma, Kanagawa, Tochigi Prefectures and other parts of Kanto district are gathering in front of the government offices of Japan and the Head Office of the Japan Red Cross Society and are waging protest struggles every day, demanding prompt resumption of the repatriation service for Korean citizens here.

When they met the government authorities of Japan, Koreans here strongly protested against and denounced with surging national indignation the criminal act of the Japanese authorities who unilaterally suspended the repatriation work two years ago, wantonly trampling down international law, international usage and humanitarian principles and are imposing indescribable hardships upon many intending repatriates who applied for repatriation long ago. They also strongly demanded the Japanese Government put an immediate end to the criminal manoeuvres to wreck the repatriation work.

A large number of Koreans in Japan including applicants for repatriation are almost daily visiting the Japanese authorities demanding prompt resumption of their repatriation work.

They strongly demanded the government authorities of Japan accept the just proposal of the Red Cross Society of the DPRK without delay, resume the repatriation operation as early as possible and reopen at once the Korea-Japan Red Cross talks for this.

During the last week alone, a large number of applicants for repatriation and intending repatriates in Tokyo and from various prefectures gathered in front of the agencies concerned of the Government of Japan and the Head Office of the Japan Red Cross Society, carrying banners of groups of prospective repatriates in their hands.

Meanwhile, broad segments of Japanese people who are actively supporting the struggle of the Korean citizens here to defend their right to repatriation, form petition groups and are visiting the government authorities and the Head Office of the Japan Red Cross Society in succession, strongly demanding that they promptly resume the repatriation service for Korean citizens here.

DPRK Foreign Ministry Flays Japanese Militarists' Suppression of Koreans in Japan and CHONGRYUN

PYONGYANG, Dec. 13 (KCNA) — The spokesman of the Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a statement on Dec. 13, vehemently denouncing the Japanese militarists' barbarous suppression of Korean citizens in Japan and CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan).

The statement reads:

The Japanese militarists are ever more viciously intensifying the suppression of Korean citizens in Japan and subversive machinations against CHONGRYUN organization.

Of late the Sato Government of Japan is frenziedly trying to launch a wholesale arrest, illegally arresting CHONGRYUN workers and Kim Bang Jin, Choe Jong Sik and Chong Su Dok, Korean citizens in Japan, by rigging up a so-called "spy case."

This criminal act against the Korean citizens in Japan is a premeditated move of the reactionary Sato clique to more wantonly trample underfoot the democratic, national rights of the 600,000 Korean citizens in Japan and totally repress the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan, their genuine legitimate organization, and an outright expression of the hostile policy toward the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people vehemently denounce the repressive outrages of the Japanese militarists against Korean citizens in Japan and CHONGRYUN.

From long ago the Japanese militarists committed all sorts of crimes, illegally arresting and detaining CHONGRYUN workers by frequently rigging up non-existent "spy cases," raiding CHONGRYUN and its subordinate organs by letting loose armed police, perpetrating violence against guiltless Korean citizens in Japan and barbarously murdering them. And they are persistently scheming to wreck the repatriation work of the Korean citizens in Japan and impose "ROK nationality" upon them and repress and stamp out the democratic national education of Korean citizens in Japan.

The "spy case" cooked up again this time by the Japanese militarists is nothing but a habitual trick to cover up their criminal machinations to destroy CHONGRYUN organization and further intensify the repression of Korean citizens in Japan.

With nothing, however, can the Japanese militarists justify the repressive manoeuvrings against Korean citizens in Japan who are struggling to promote the national unification and defend the citizenship of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and all other democratic, national rights of Korean citizens in Japan.

It is not fortuitous that lately the Japanese Government is unfolding a wholesale repressive campaign against CHONGRYUN and Korean citizens in Japan, synchronizing with the fact that the U.S. imperialists and Japanese militarists are strengthening the military and political collusion in order to launch full-scale joint aggression against Korea and Asia.

At present the Japanese militarists are running riot in preparation for embarking upon the road of open military aggression, while further expediting the fascistization of the country and speedily increasing the military might.

The repressive rack [illegible] the reactionary Jap[illegible]ties against Korean [illegible] Japan is part of the manoeuvres of the militarists to strengthen the military and political collusion [illegible] the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and step up their reinvasion of South Korea in accordance with the demands of the U.S. imperialists' policy of aggression and war.

The Korean people will never tolerate the criminal plots and manoeuvres of the Japanese militarists to use the 600,000 Korean citizens in Japan as a scapegoat for the dirty political aim to reinvade South Korea.

The reckless manoeuvres of the Sato clique of Japan to suppress Korean citizens in Japan evoke still greater indignation among the entire Korean people as well as broad segments of the Japanese people and the people of the whole world.

The Japanese authorities must release at once CHONGRYUN workers and Korean citizens in Japan whom they illegally arrested and imprisoned on the preposterous charges of being "spies," immediately stop the suppressive machinations against CHONGRYUN and Korean citizens in Japan and unconditionally ensure the democratic national rights of Korean citizens in Japan.

The Japanese Government is under legal and moral obligations to protect the Korean citizens in Japan, the legitimate overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea as foreigners in accordance with international law and international practice and to ensure all their democratic rights.

If the Japanese militarists, despite the strong denunciation of the peoples of Korea and Japan and the progressive people of the world, persist in persecuting and suppressing the CHONGRYUN organization and Korean citizens in Japan not giving up the hostile policy toward the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, they will be held entirely responsible for the grave consequences arising therefrom.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea which regards it as its sacred duty to protect the rights and interests of all the overseas Korean citizens will continue to fight resolutely against the unwarranted moves of the Japanese militarists infringing upon the democratic, national rights of Korean citizens in Japan and persecuting and humiliating them.

December 13, 1969
Pyongyang.

Korea Has Produced the Hero of 20th Century

KIM IL SUNG

BIOGRAPHY (I)—

From Birth to Triumphant Return to Homeland

Baik Bong

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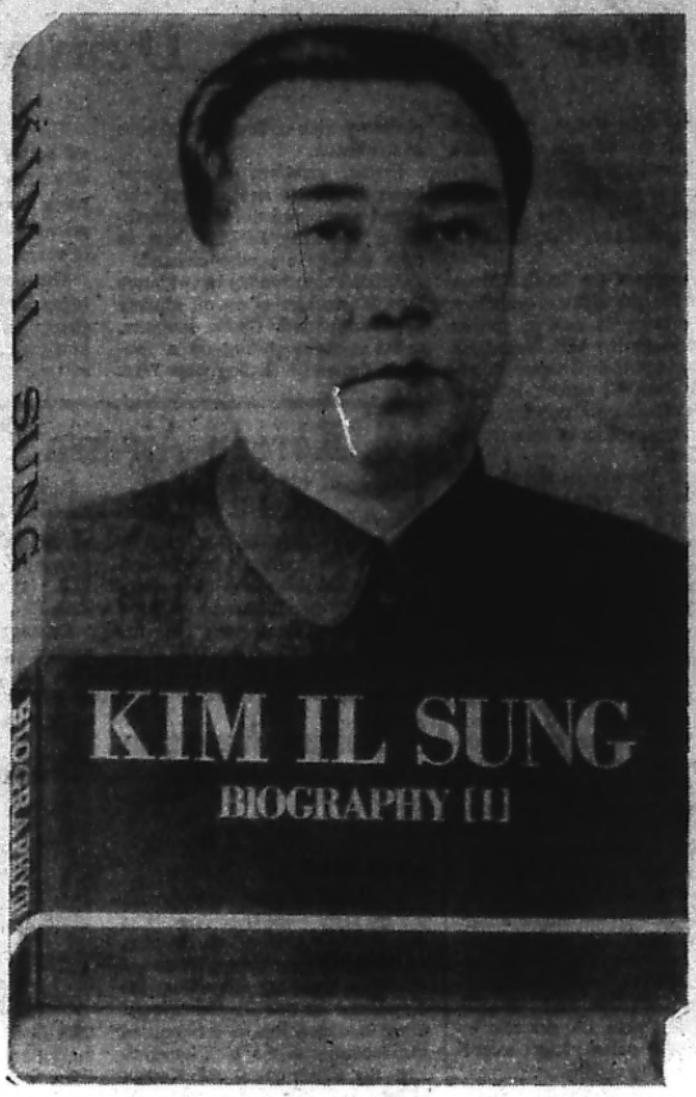

World Trade Union Expresses Solidarity with Korean People

The 7th World Trade Union Congress held in the Hungarian capital recently adopted with unanimous approval a resolution expressing solidarity with the Korean people, according to a report from Budapest.

The resolution pointed out that U.S. imperialists, having converted South Korea into their complete colony and aggressive military base, were steadily intensifying the ruthless military fascist rule and all the more stepping up the war preparations and military provocations against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

It continued:

The working class and the broad masses of the people of South Korea are waging the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle of all forms, including the armed struggle.

The 7th World Trade Union Congress expresses militant solidarity with the South Korean workers and people in the valiant struggle for liquidating the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists, overthrowing the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, smashing the reinvasion scheme of the Japanese militarists, winning the right to live and democratic freedom, establishing people's power and achieving the unification of the country.

The congress fully supports the just program of the Government of the DPRK for the unification of the country on achieving the unification of the North and the South independently on a democratic basis and peacefully, without any interference of outside force, after forcing the U.S. imperialists to withdraw from South Korea.

Considering that the U.S. imperialists' occupation of South Korea and their policy of aggression are the cause of the increasing tension and the root cause of all the misfortunes and sufferings of the South Korean people and the chief obstacles lying in the way of Korea's unification, this congress strongly demands that the U.S. imperialist aggressors should get out of South Korea at once and the "United Nations Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea," an aggressive tool serving the U.S. imperialists, be disbanded forthwith.

The congress sternly denounces the fascist repression and murderous atrocities perpetrated by U.S. imperialism and its stooges against the South Korean workers and people and strongly demands the immediate release of all the arrested and imprisoned revolutionaries and patriots.

The congress actively supports the righteous struggle of the Korean citizens in Japan for the right to free travel to their homeland and other democratic national rights and strongly demands the Japanese authorities give up at once their national discrimination against and suppression of the Korean citizens in Japan and treat and protect them as overseas citizens of the DPRK.

The congress authorizes the leading bodies of all levels of the world federation of trade unions and trade unions international to take effective and concrete measures for rendering active support to the just struggle of the Korean working class and people during the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea and on all other occasions, said the resolution.

It stressed in conclusion:

The 7th World Trade Union Congress appeals to all the working people and trade union organizations of the whole world to further expand and strengthen international solidarity with the Korean working people and people in the struggle for forcing the U.S. imperialists to withdraw from South Korea and achieving the independent and peaceful unification of the Korea.

World People Support Struggle of Korean People

For Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops From South Korea and Korea's Unification

The world revolutionary and progressive people are raising higher their voices expressing firm solidarity with the just struggle of the Korean people for the independent, peaceful unification of their fatherland, resolutely denouncing the manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists to provoke a new war in Korea.

The voices of militant solidarity rang loudly from the current U.N. General Assembly session.

At the U.N. General Assembly session, the delegates of socialist countries and many national independent countries of Asia and Africa condemned as one the criminal manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists who are abusing the name of the U.N. in their aggressive acts against Korea and demanded the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea, dissolution of the "U.N. Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea," a tool of aggression of U.S. imperialism, and an end to the discussion of the "Korean question" in the U.N.

Tran Buu Kiem, member of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation and Minister of the Office of the Government's President of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam, said with emphasis:

The South Vietnam National Front for Liberation and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam fully support the just stand of the Government of the DPRK that the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops must be withdrawn from South Korea forthwith and the question of Korean unification be solved independently by the Korean people themselves in a peaceful way on a democratic basis without outside interference.

The Governments of many countries, international democratic organizations and the public organizations of various countries issued statements and resolutions, supporting the just struggle of the Korean people for the independent, peaceful unification of the fatherland, demanding the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea and the dissolution of the "UNCURK" and published letters of protest against the illegal "resolution" on the "Korean question" trumped up in the U.N. under the coercion of the U.S. imperialists.

Christopher Nyombi, Secretary of the Uganda Journalists Association, said:

The cornerstone in restoring peace in Asia is to force the U.S. imperialists to withdraw all their troops and troops of their satellite countries and remove their military bases immediately and unconditionally from South Korea and leave the Korean people to solve their own question without any outside interference.

The aggressive manoeuvres the U.S. imperialists are perpetrating in Korea under the so-called U.N. signboard give rise to irrepressible indignation among the people at the fact that such organization as the U.N. is being used by U.S. imperialism as its tool of aggression.

The Korean people who are encouraged by the active support and solidarity of the world revolutionary and progressive people are filled with the firm determination to drive the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of South Korea and unify the country independently free from any outside interference.

Bella Vital, President of the League for Friendship among the People in the Congo (B), who visited the DPRK stressed:

The people of North and South Korea are valiantly fighting to drive the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and unify the fatherland independently.

The heroic Korean people under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and genius in military strategy, will drive the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and accomplish the historical cause of national unfication without fail.

The People's Korea

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